

Scotts Valley Water District

Recycled Water Alternatives Evaluation



September, 2020



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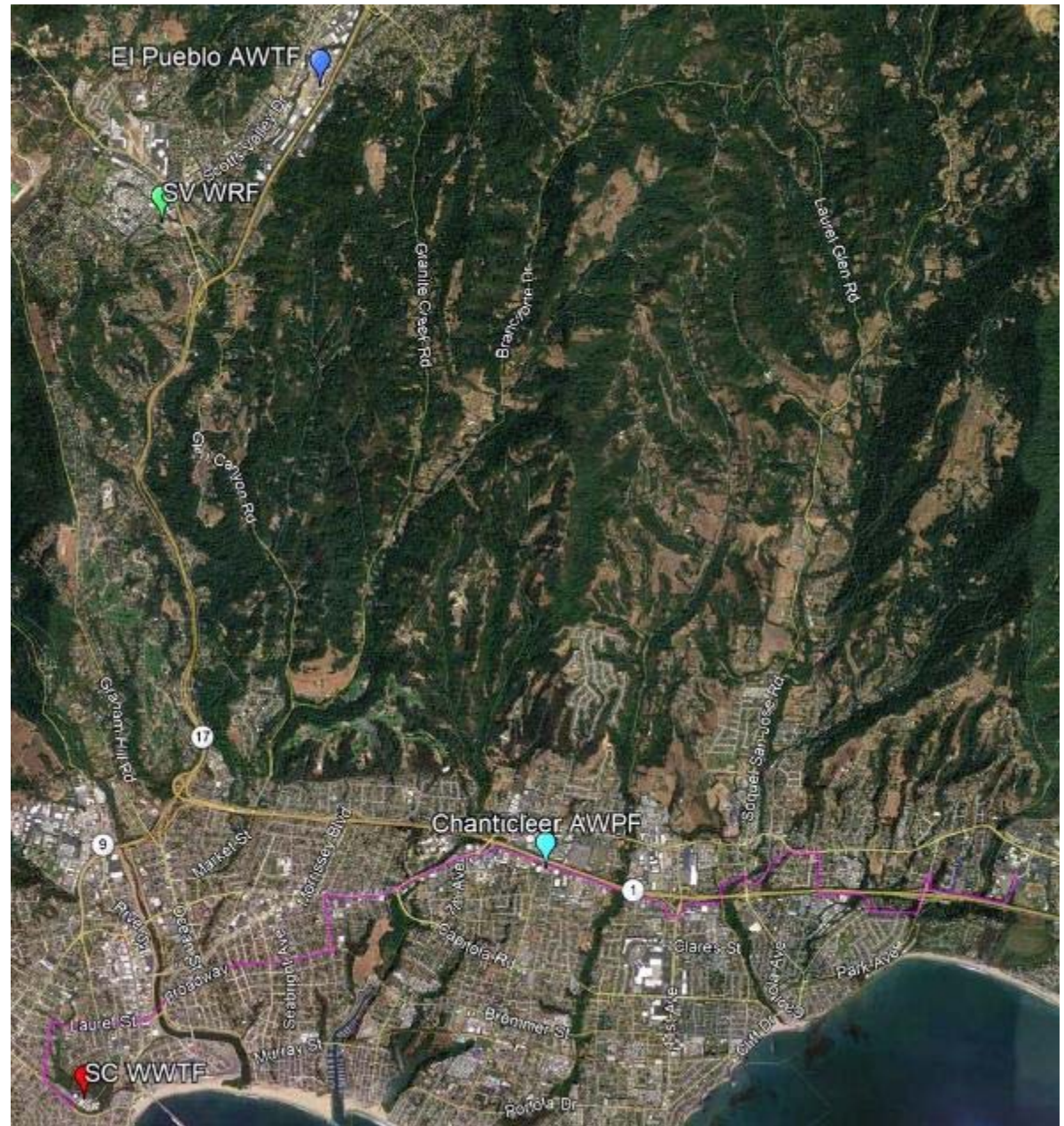
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Introduction

- 2017 Facilities Planning Report, SMGB GWR Program Recommended Alternative #3
 - AWTF at El Pueblo Site with treatment capacity = 1 MGD
 - Project yield for groundwater replenishment = 475 AFY
 - Reuse of existing SVWD Wells 11A and 11B for injection
 - Total capital cost = \$15.4M
 - O&M Annual Cost = \$0.5M
 - Total Annualized Cost = \$2,170/AFY
 - Costs for treatment improvements at WRF to supply the AWTF were not included
 - Seasonal limitations of brine disposal impacts to downstream users (Pasatiempo) were not considered

Local and Regional Stakeholders & New Opportunities

- Proposed Alignment to Chanticleer AWTF
- Proposed SqC AWWP at Chanticleer
- Proposed SV AWWT at El Pueblo
- Existing SC-WWTF
- Existing SV-WRF



Alternatives Matrix

| Alternative | Sub Alternative | Description | Source Water | Treatment | Limiting Conditions |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Baseline | 1 | Implement Improvements to SV-WRF to supply new AWTF | City of SV Tertiary Effluent | Secondary and Tertiary treatment at SV-WRF Advanced Purified Treatment at El Pueblo AWTF | 1. Requires upgrades to treatment at SV WRF 2. Limited Groundwater Recharge due to brine disposal limitations |
| Local Projects | 2A - Not further evaluated | Dual Plant Solution (SVWD MBR + SV WRF) | City of SV Secondary Effluent | Tertiary treatment at SV-WRF Independent tertiary treatment at MBR facility (operated by SVWD) | 1. Requires upgrades to treatment at SV WRF 2. Limited Groundwater Recharge due to brine disposal limitations |
| | 2B | One Plant Solution | City of SV Secondary Effluent | Secondary treatment at SV-WRF Tertiary and Advanced Purified treatment at El Pueblo AWTF | 1. Limited Groundwater Recharge due to brine disposal limitations |
| | 2C | One Plant Solution (MBR) | City of SV Raw Wastewater | Secondary and tertiary treatment with Scalping MBR (assumed at SV-WRF) | 1. Limited Groundwater Recharge due to limited treatment capacity of scalping MBR |
| Regional Projects | 3A | Treatment at SC WWTF | Filtered Secondary Effluent from SC-WWTF | Filtered + Secondary Treatment at SC-WWTF Tertiary Disinfection + Advanced Purified Treatment at El Pueblo AWTF | 1. Purified treatment sizing based on available conveyance capacity from Alignment to Chanticleer |
| | 3B | Purified Water from Chanticleer AWPF | Advanced Purified Effluent from Chanticleer AWPF | Advanced Purified Treatment at Chanticleer AWPF | 1. Groundwater recharge capacity based on available treatment capacity at Chanticleer AWPF |
| | 3C | Maximize Reuse | Tertiary Effluent from SC | New Tertiary treatment location near SC-WWTF Advanced Purified treatment at SV (Location TBD) | 1. Treatment Capacity based on available effluent at SC-WWTF after meeting needs of SCWD and SqCWD |

Alternative 1 - Baseline

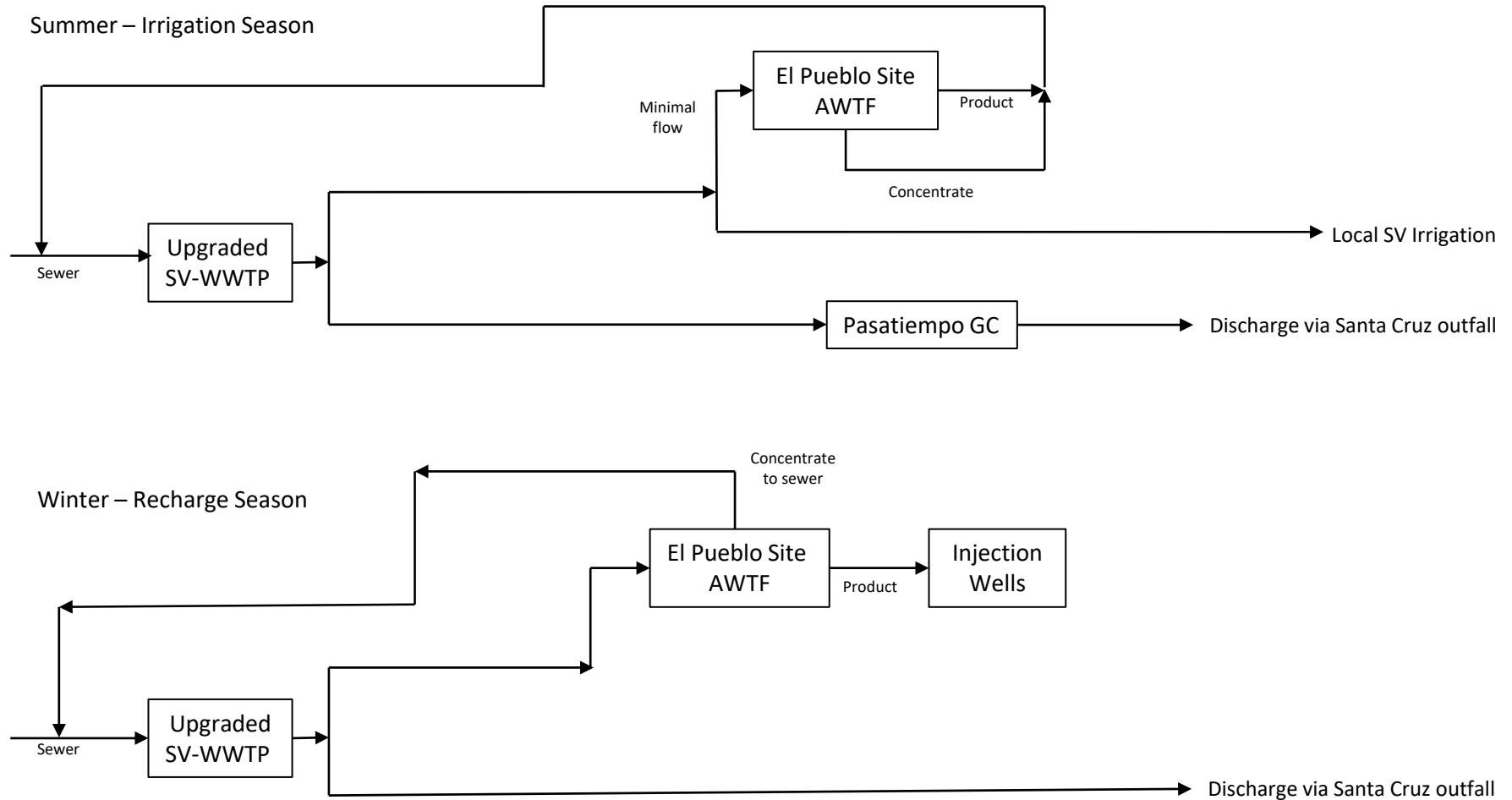
DESCRIPTION:

- Continue treatment at SV-WRF by implementing required plant improvements
- Supply Pasatiempo with tertiary effluent from SV-WRF (dry season only)
- Supply RW customers with tertiary effluent from SV-WRF (dry season only)
- Supply tertiary effluent from SV-WRF to new El Pueblo site (wet season only)
- Produce purified water for injection at El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- Brine from El Pueblo AWTF to be discharged to sewer (wet season only)

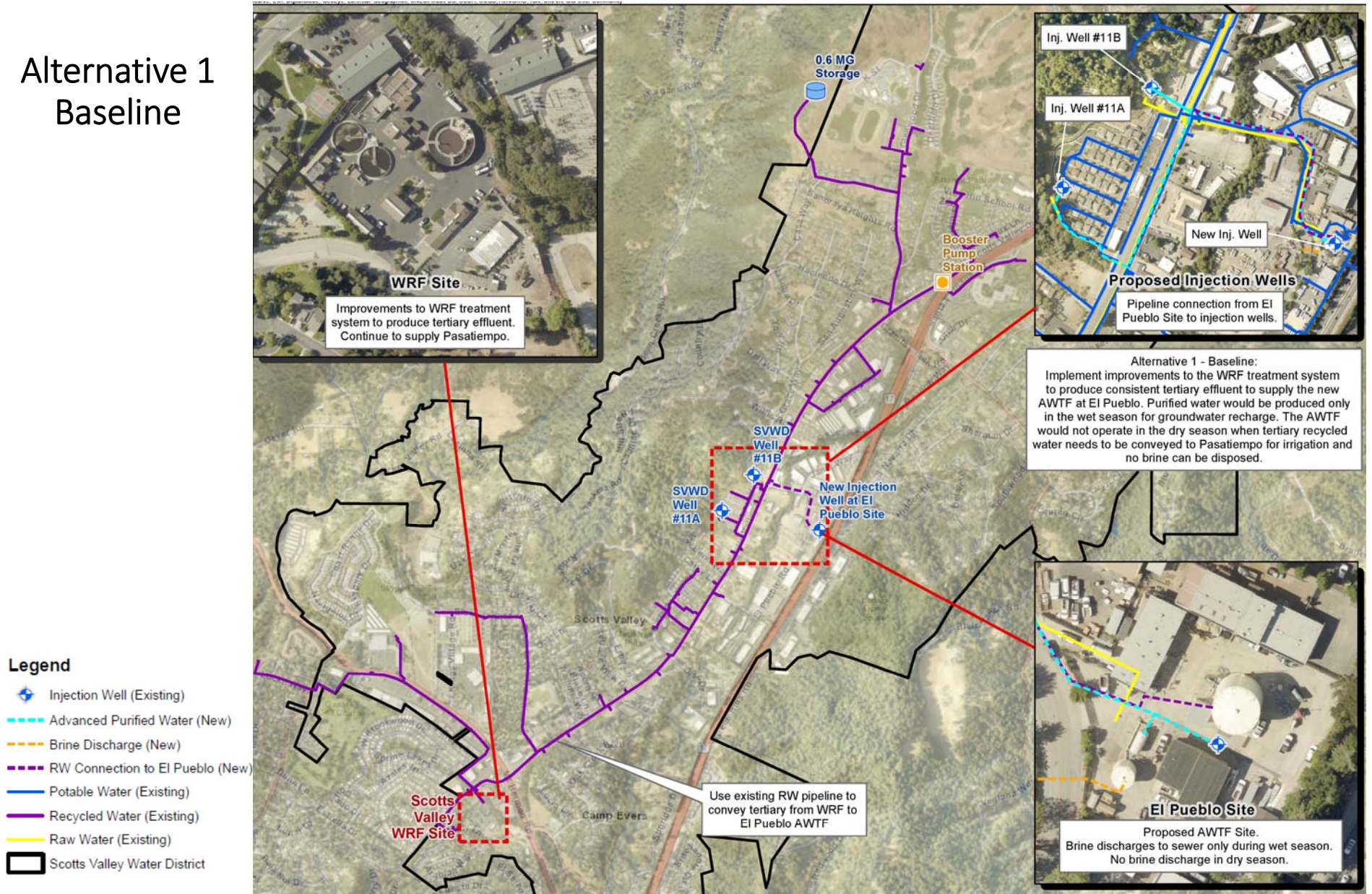
FACILITIES SIZING

- 0.85 MGD secondary and tertiary treatment at SV-WRF (wet season)
 - 0.77 MGD tertiary effluent supplied to El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- 0.74 MGD secondary and tertiary treatment at SV-WRF (dry season)
 - 0.16 MGD secondary effluent supplied to Pasatiempo (dry season only)
 - 0.32 MGD tertiary effluent supplied to RW Customers (dry season only)
- 0.77 MGD advanced treatment at El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- 0.55 MGD purified water produced (wet season only)
- 250 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells near El Pueblo Site (wet season only)

Alternative 1 – Baseline



Alternative 1 Baseline



Alternative 1 - Baseline

CONCEPTUAL COST ESTIMATE

- Capital Cost = \$29.7 M (\$9.3M Tertiary + \$20.4M Advanced Purification)
- Annual O&M Cost = \$1 M (\$0.2M Tertiary + \$0.8M Advanced Purification)
- Total Annual Cost = \$10,200/AF (\$7,500/AF Advanced Purification only)

BENEFITS:

- Localized treatment systems
- Minimizes local impacts from construction
- Reduced interagency coordination and requirements
- Improvements to local assets (SV-WRF)

DRAWBACKS:

- Limited purified water production capacity (recharge only in winter)
- Does not maximize beneficial reuse
- Not cost effective
- Needs to consider additional cost for full upgrades at SV-WRF

Alternative 2A – Dual Plant Solution (not further evaluated)

DESCRIPTION:

- Continue partial treatment at SV-WRF by implementing some plant improvements
- Supply Pasatiempo with secondary effluent from SV-WRF (dry season only)
- New scalping MBR for independent secondary & tertiary treatment (assumed to treat 60% of available effluent)
- Supply RW customers with tertiary effluent from scalping MBR (dry season only)
- Supply tertiary effluent from scalping MBR to new El Pueblo site (wet season only)
- Produce purified water for injection at El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- Brine from El Pueblo AWTF to be discharged to sewer (wet season only)

FACILITIES SIZING

- 0.85 MGD secondary treatment at SV-WRF (wet season)
 - 0.49 MGD secondary effluent supplied to MBR
 - 0.16 MGD secondary effluent supplied to Pasatiempo (dry season only)
- 0.49 MGD treatment at scalping MBR
 - 0.32 MGD tertiary effluent supplied to RW Customers (dry season only)
 - 0.48 MGD tertiary effluent supplied to El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- 0.34 MGD purified water produced (wet season only)
- 160 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells at El Pueblo Site (wet season only)

Alternative 2B – One Plant Solution

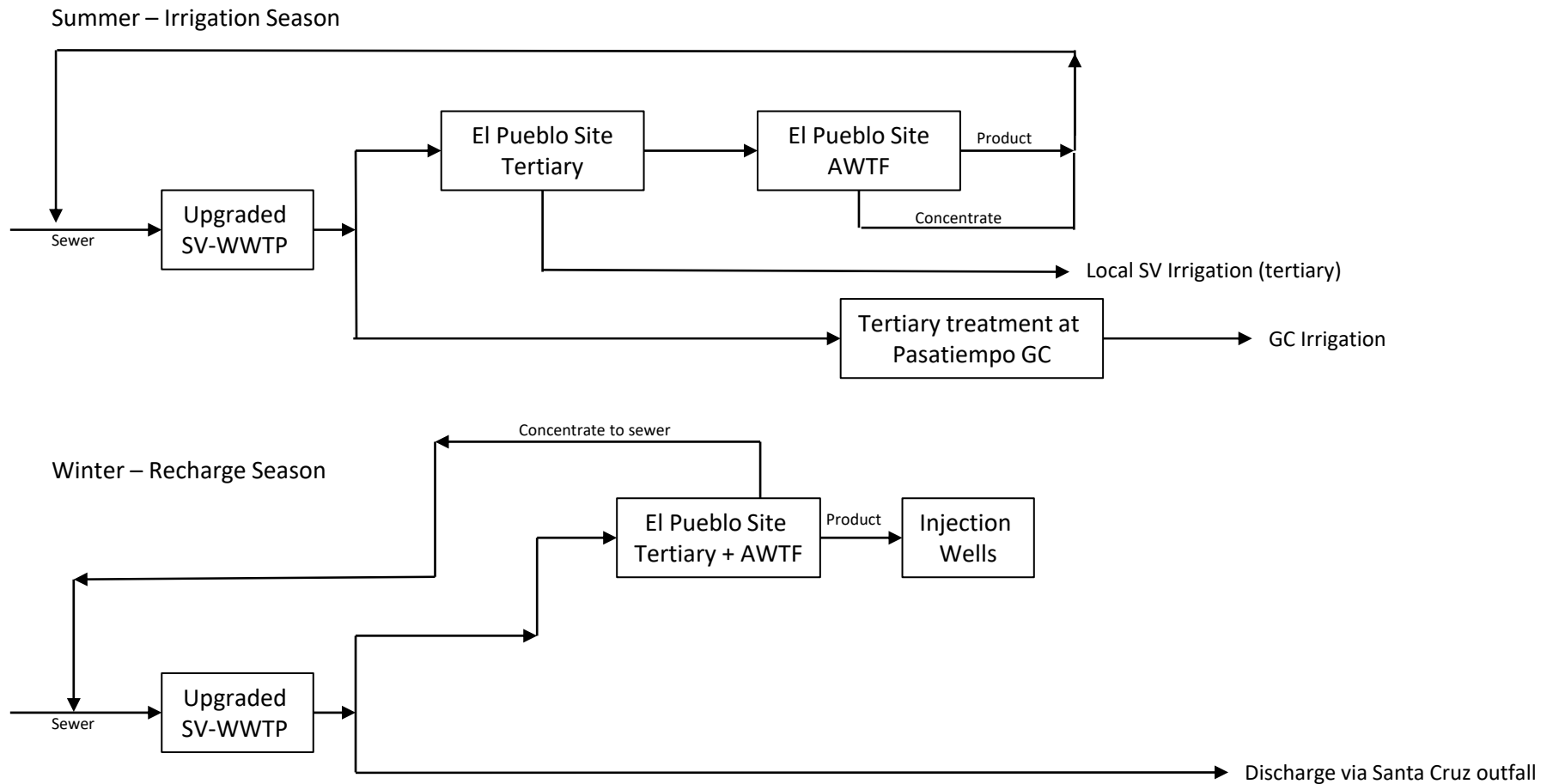
DESCRIPTION:

- Continue secondary treatment at SV-WRF by implementing some plant improvements.
- Supply Pasatiempo with secondary effluent from SV-WRF (dry season only)
- Supply secondary effluent to tertiary treatment at El Pueblo site
- Supply RW customers with tertiary effluent from EL Pueblo site (dry season only)
- Produce purified water for injection at El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- Brine from El Pueblo AWTF to be discharged to sewer (wet season only)

FACILITIES SIZING

- 0.85 MGD secondary treatment at SV-WRF (wet season)
- 0.74 MGD secondary treatment at SV-WRF (dry season)
 - 0.16 MGD secondary effluent supplied to Pasatiempo (dry season only)
- 0.85 MGD tertiary treatment at El Pueblo site
 - 0.32 MGD supplied to RW Customers (dry season only)
- 0.77 MGD advanced treatment at El Pueblo AWTF (wet season only)
- 0.55 MGD purified water produced (wet season only)
- 250 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells at El Pueblo Site (wet season only)

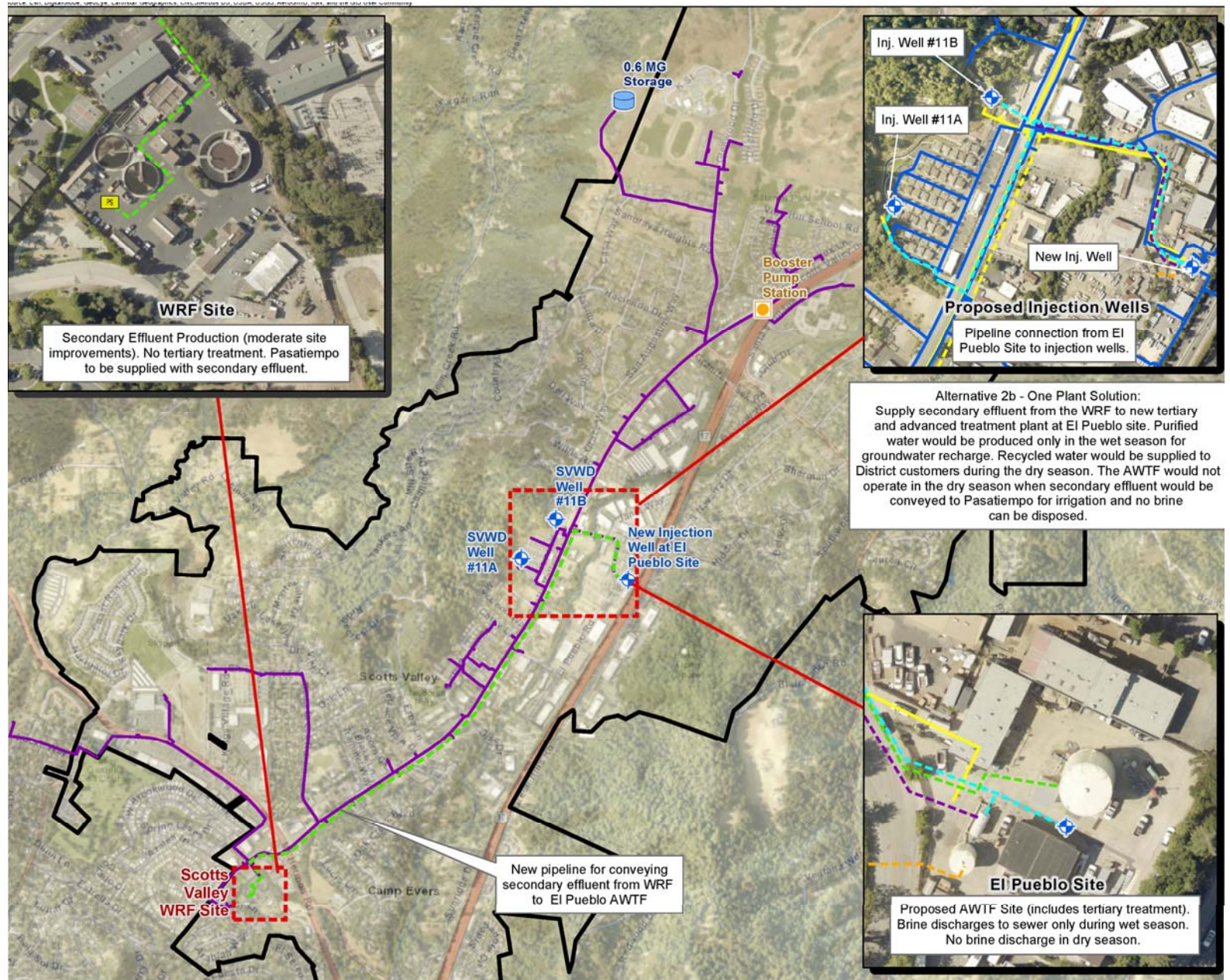
Alternative 2B – One Plant Solution



Alternative 2B One Plant Solution

Legend

-  Injection Well (Existing)
-  Pump Station (New)
-  Advanced Purified Water (New)
-  Brine Discharge (New)
-  Secondary Effluent (New)
-  Connection to RW Main (New)
-  Potable Water (Existing)
-  Recycled Water (Existing)
-  Raw Water (Existing)
-  Scotts Valley Water District



Alternative 2B – One Plant Solution

CONCEPTUAL COST ESTIMATE

- Capital Cost = \$27.8 M (\$4.1M Tertiary + \$23.7M Advanced Purification)
- Annual O&M Cost = \$1.2 M (\$0.3M Tertiary + \$0.9M Advanced Purification)
- Total Annual Cost = \$10,400/AF (\$8,500/AF Advanced Purification only)

BENEFITS:

- Consolidated local treatment plant
- Reduced interagency coordination and requirements
- Improvements to local assets (SV-WRF)

DRAWBACKS:

- Local impacts from construction (conveyance of secondary effluent)
- Limited purified water production capacity (recharge only in winter)
- Does not maximize beneficial reuse
- Needs to consider additional cost for some upgrades at SV-WRF

Alternative 2C – One Plant Solution (MBR)

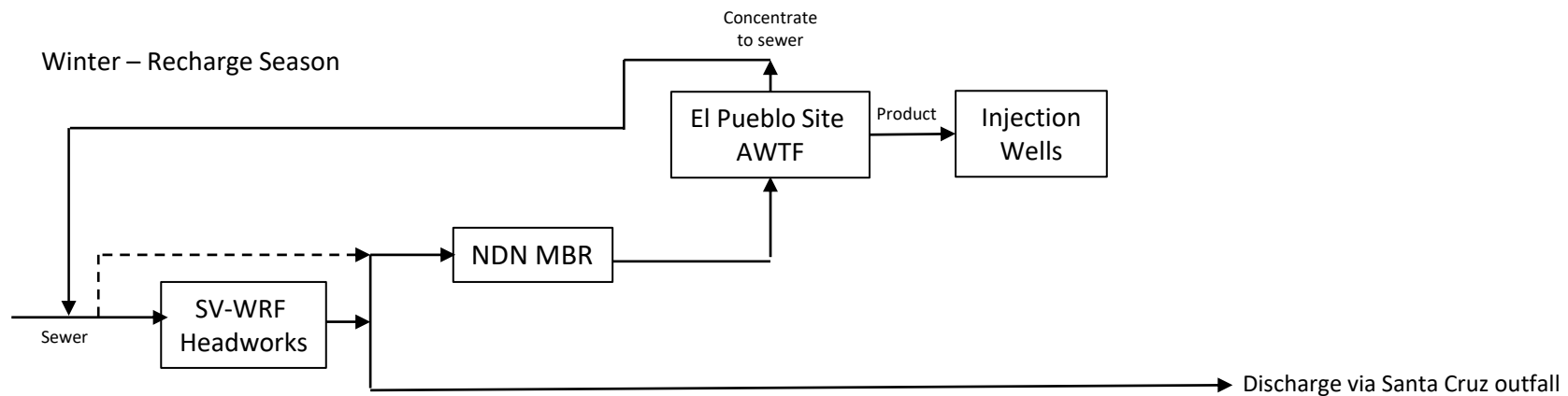
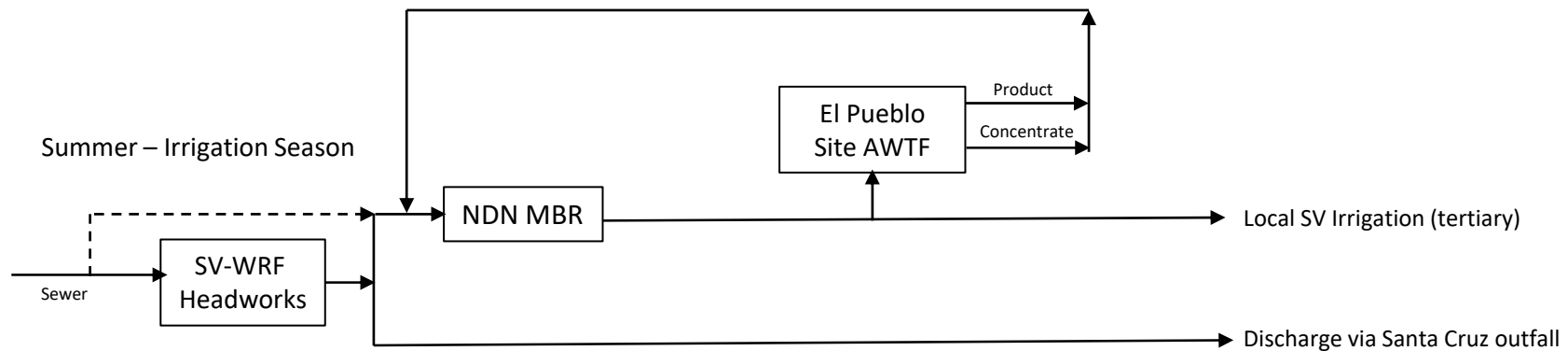
DESCRIPTION:

- Raw wastewater from SV-WRF would be treated by a scalping MBR
- Supply tertiary effluent from scalping MBR to AWTF at El Pueblo site (year round)
- Assumed scalping MBR to capture and treat 60% of available secondary effluent
- Supply RW customers with tertiary effluent from scalping MBR (dry season only)
- Produce purified water for injection at El Pueblo AWTF (year round)
- Brine from El Pueblo AWTF to be discharged to sewer (year round)
- Supply Pasatiempo with either potable water or tertiary effluent from SC-WWTF

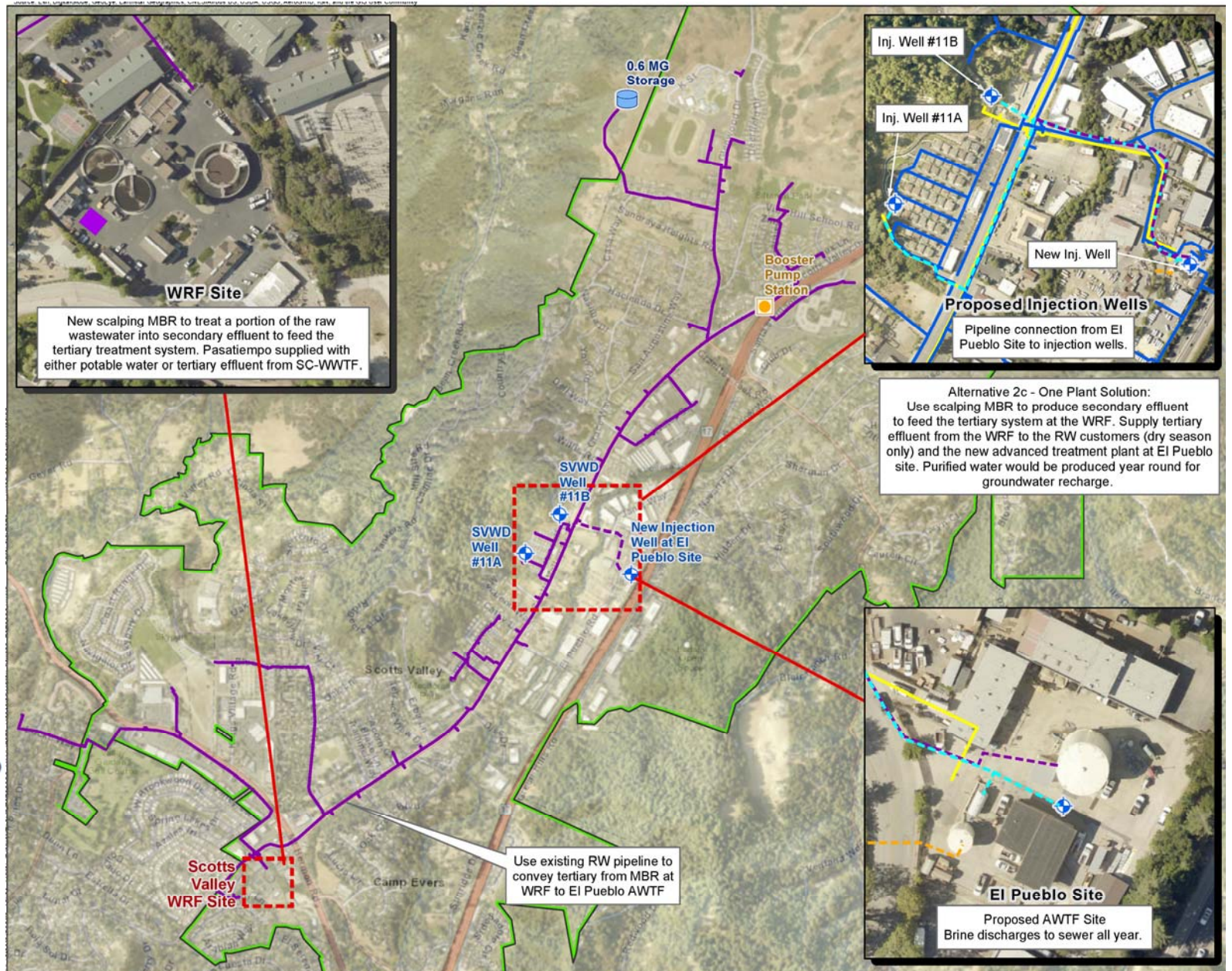
FACILITIES SIZING

- 0.51 MGD tertiary treatment at scalping MBR
 - 0.32 MGD supplied to RW Customers (dry season only)
- 0.49 MGD advanced treatment at El Pueblo AWTF
- 0.35 MGD purified water produced (wet season) + 0.17 MGD produced (dry season)
- 250 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells at El Pueblo Site (year round)

Alternative 2C – One Plant Solution (MBR)



Alternative 2C – One Plant Solution (MBR)



Alternative 2C – One Plant Solution (MBR)

CONCEPTUAL COST ESTIMATE

- Capital Cost =\$18.9 M (\$5.1M Tertiary + \$13.8M Advanced Purification)
- Annual O&M Cost= \$0.9 M (\$0.2M Tertiary + \$0.7M Advanced Purification)
- Total Annual Cost = \$7,500/AF (\$5,500/AF Advanced Purification only)

BENEFITS:

- Localized Treatment Systems
- Minimizes local impacts from construction
- Reduced interagency coordination and requirements

DRAWBACKS:

- Limited purified water production capacity (due to limited MBR treatment capacity)
- Does not maximize beneficial reuse
- Operational complexities
- Needs to consider additional cost for some upgrades at SV-WRF

Alternative 3A – Treatment at SC-WWTF

DESCRIPTION:

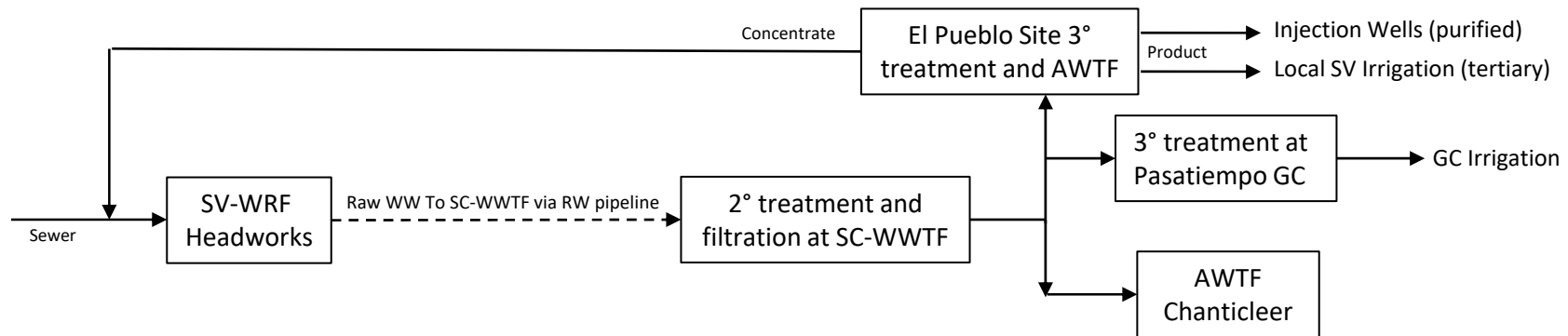
- Supply filtered secondary effluent from SC-WWTF to El Pueblo AWTF
- Supply RW customers with tertiary effluent from El Pueblo AWTF (disinfection only, dry season only)
- Produce purified water for injection at El Pueblo AWTF (year round)
- Brine from El Pueblo AWTF to be discharged to sewer (year round)
- Supply Pasatiempo with secondary effluent from SC-WWTF

FACILITIES SIZING

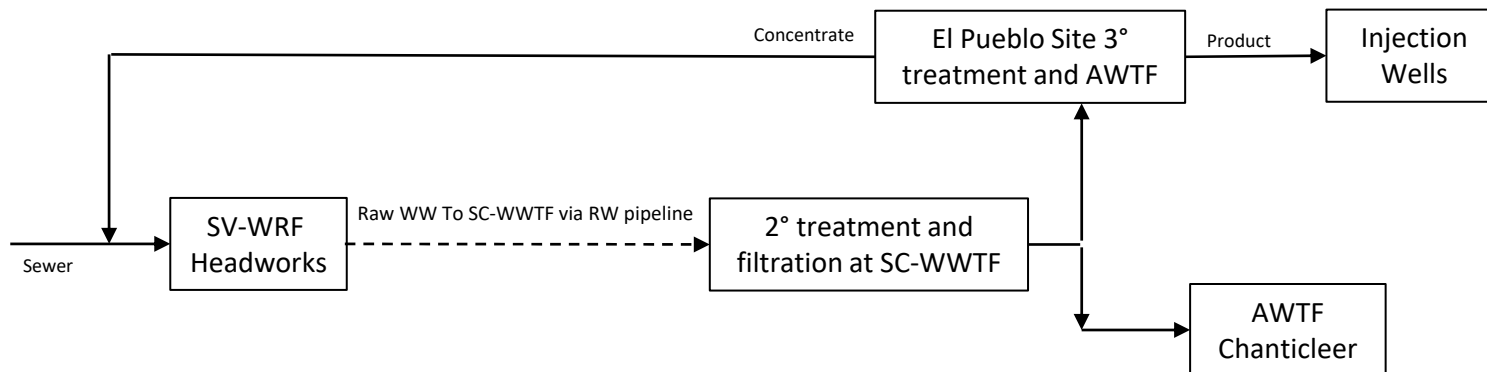
- 1.02 MGD secondary and tertiary treatment at SC-WWTF
 - 0.16 MGD tertiary (non-disinfected) effluent supplied to Pasatiempo (dry season only)
 - 0.32 MGD tertiary disinfected effluent supplied to RW Customers (dry season only)
- 1.01 MGD (wet season) + 0.53 MGD (dry season) advanced treatment at El Pueblo AWTF
- 0.81 MGD (wet season) + 0.38 MGD (dry season) purified water produced
- 540 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells at El Pueblo Site (year round)
- 80 AFY recharged via 1 additional injection well at a location to be determined (assume Hanson Quarry for cost estimating purposes)

Alternative 3A – Treatment at SC-WWTF

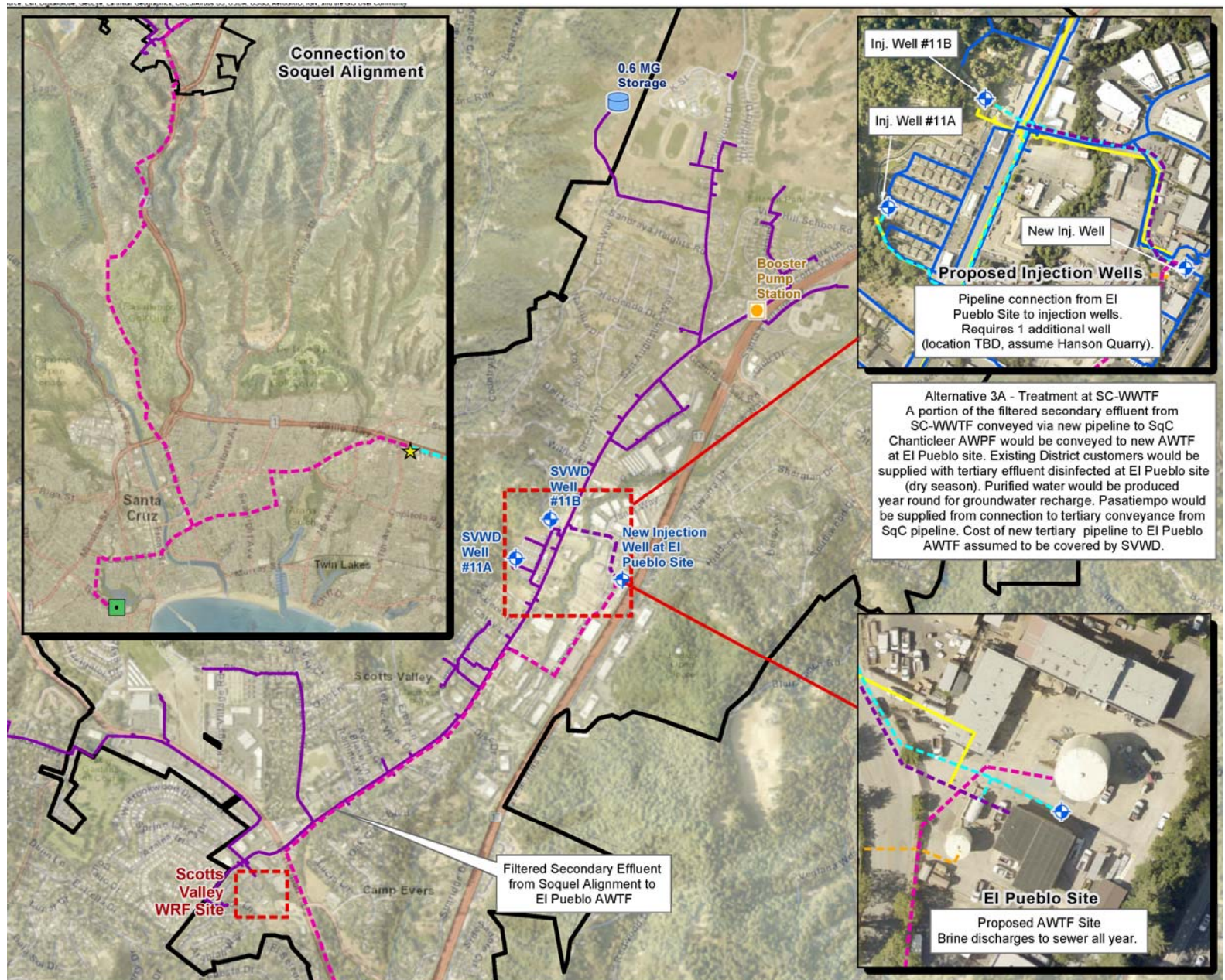
Summer – Irrigation Season



Winter – Recharge Season



Alternative 3A Treatment at SC-WWTF



Alternative 3A – Treatment at SC-WWTF

CONCEPTUAL COST ESTIMATE

- Capital Cost =\$53.1 M (\$6.6M Tertiary + \$46.5M Advanced Purification)
- Annual O&M Cost= \$2 M (\$0.4M Tertiary + \$1.6M Advanced Purification)
- Total Annual Cost = \$7,600/AF (\$6,400/AF Advanced Purification only)

BENEFITS:

- Production of purified water to meet GWR targets
- Increased beneficial reuse
- Potential revenue stream associated with selling additional purified water to SCWD

DRAWBACKS:

- Local impacts from construction (extensive conveyance)
- Requires interagency coordination
- Operational complexities

Alternative 3B – Purified Water from Chanticleer AWWPF

DESCRIPTION:

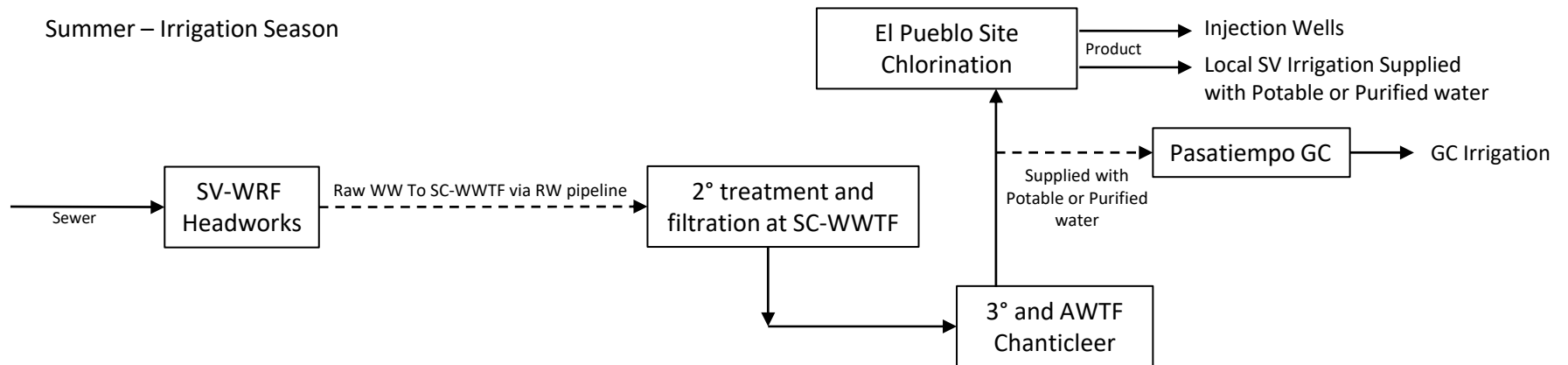
- Supply advanced purified effluent from Chanticleer AWWPF to El Pueblo site
- Provide additional disinfection of purified effluent at El Pueblo site
- Disinfected purified water supplied for injection at El Pueblo site (year round)
- Supply RW customers and Pasatiempo with either potable or purified water
- Brine generated at Chanticleer AWWPF discharged via SC outfall

FACILITIES SIZING

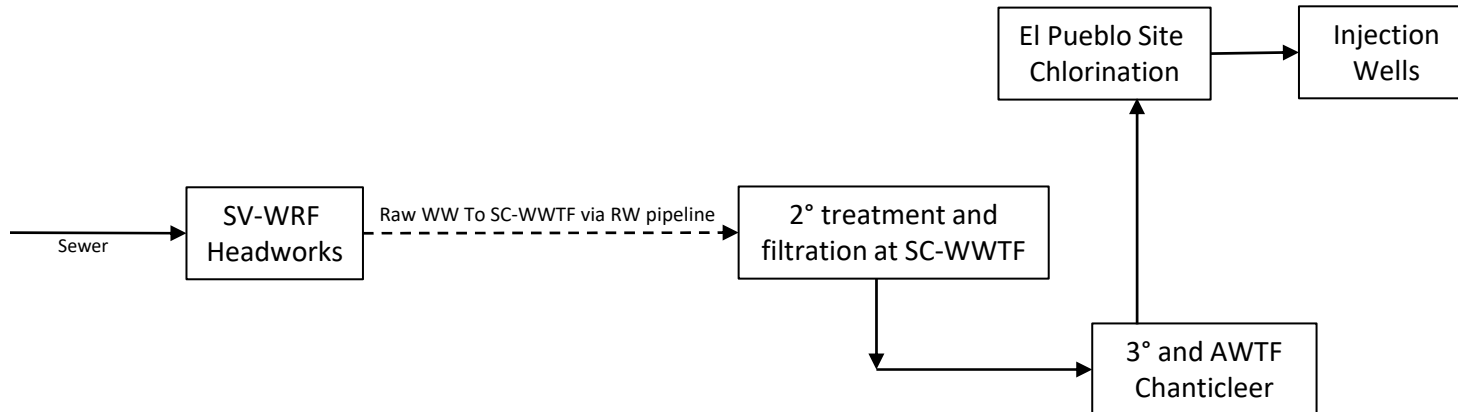
- 1.02 MGD tertiary treatment at SC-WWTF
- 1.01 MGD advanced treatment at Chanticleer AWWPF
- 0.81 MGD purified water produced (year round)
- 540 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells at El Pueblo Site
- 370 AFY recharged via 2 additional injection wells at a location to be determined (assume Hanson Quarry for cost estimating purposes)

Alternative 3B – Purified Water from Chanticleer AWWPF

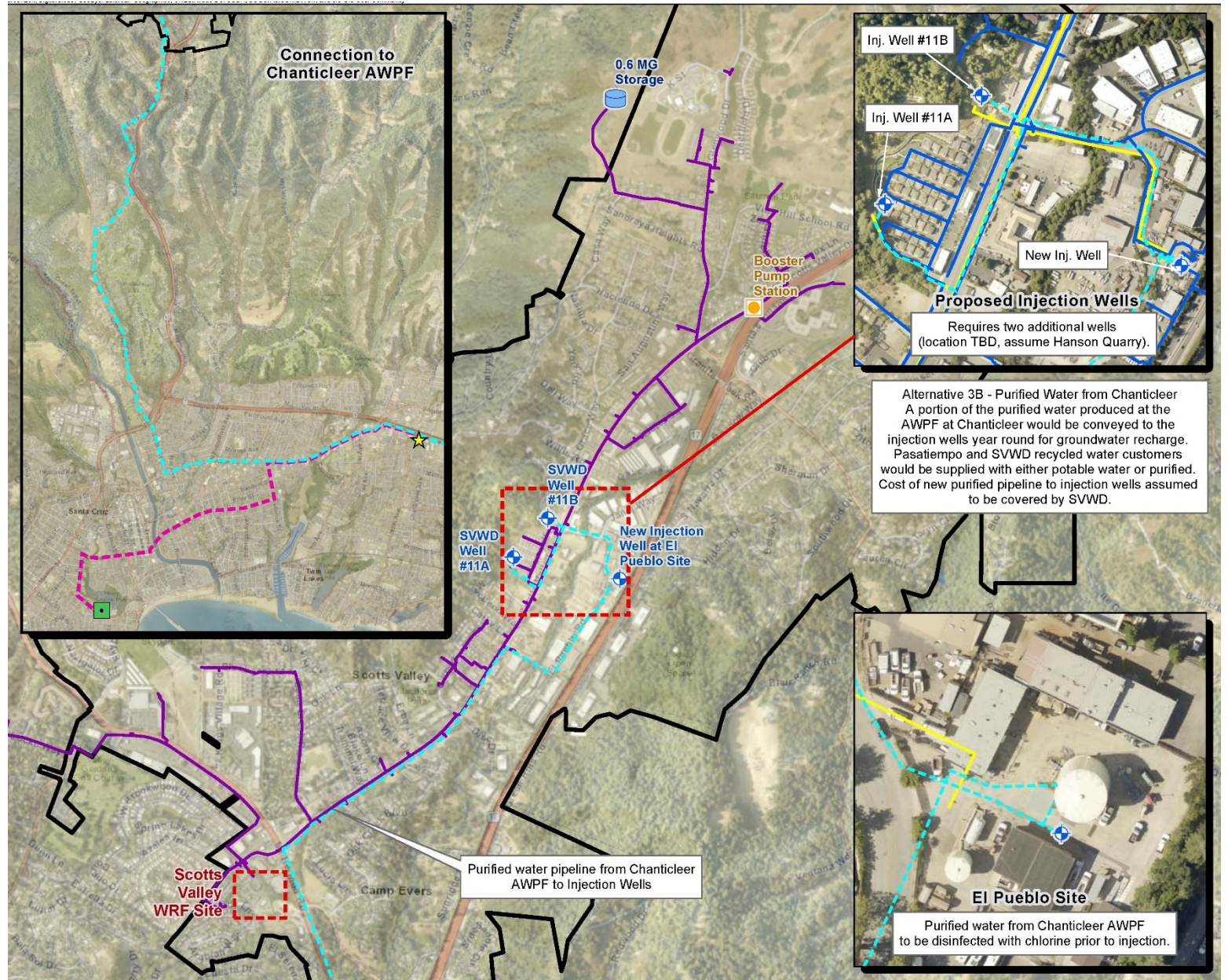
Summer – Irrigation Season



Winter – Recharge Season



Alternative 3B Purified Water from Chanticleer AWPf



Legend

- Injection Well (Existing)
- Santa Cruz WWTF
- Chanticleer AWPf
- Advanced Purified Water (New)
- Filtered Secondary Effluent (New)
- Potable Water (Existing)
- Recycled Water (Existing)
- Raw Water (Existing)
- Scotts Valley Water District

Alternative 3B – Purified Water from Chanticleer AWWPF

CONCEPTUAL COST ESTIMATE

- Capital Cost =\$57.8 M (\$7.9M Tertiary + \$49.9M Advanced Purification)
- Annual O&M Cost= \$2.6 M (\$0.4M Tertiary + \$2.2M Advanced Purification)
- Total Annual Cost = \$6,100/AF (\$5,200/AF Advanced Purification only)

BENEFITS:

- Production of purified water to meet GWR targets
- Increased beneficial reuse
- Minimal Operational Complexities
- Moderately cost effective (assuming revenue stream associated with selling additional purified water to SCWD)

DRAWBACKS:

- Local impacts from construction (extensive conveyance)
- Requires interagency coordination

Alternative 3C – Maximize reuse

DESCRIPTION:

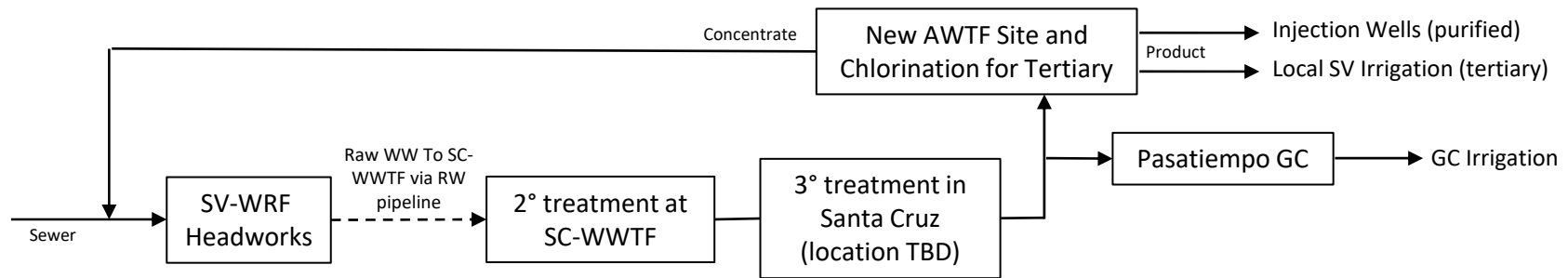
- Supply filtered secondary effluent from SC-WWTF to new tertiary treatment plant (location to be determined, assumed within 1 mile from SC-WWTF)
- Supply tertiary effluent from new plant near SC-WWTF to new AWTF (location to be determined, assumed Hanson Quarry) year round and Pasatiempo on the dry season only
- Supply RW customers with tertiary effluent from new AWTF (disinfection only, dry season only)
- Produce purified water for injection at new AWTF (year round)
- Brine from new AWTF to be discharged to sewer (year round)

FACILITIES SIZING

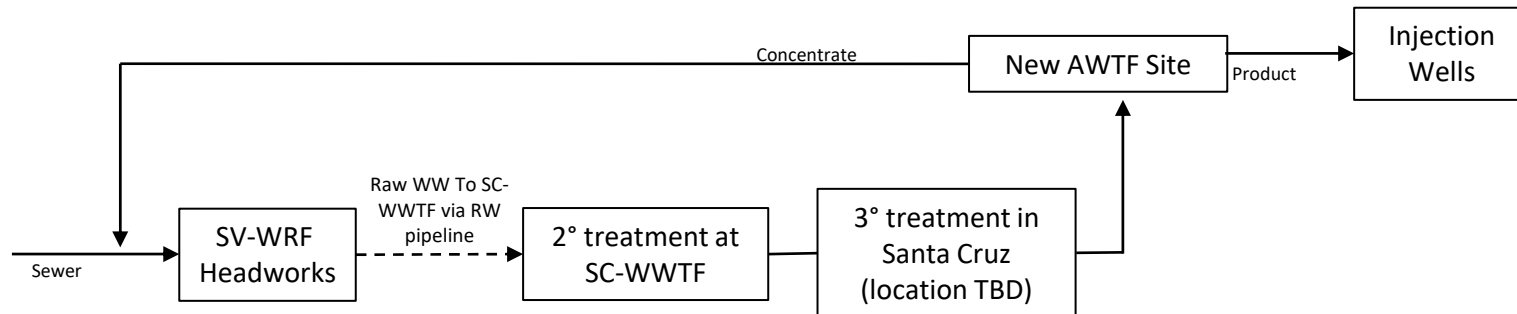
- 4.27 MGD secondary/tertiary treatment at/near SC-WWTF
 - 0.16 MGD tertiary effluent supplied to Pasatiempo (dry season only)
- 3.55 MGD advanced treatment at new AWTF
 - 0.32 MGD tertiary disinfected supplied to RW Customers (dry season only)
- 2.53 MGD (wet season) + 2.18 MGD (dry season) purified water produced
- 540 AFY recharged via 3 injection wells at El Pueblo Site
- 2,060 AFY recharged via 7 additional injection well at a location to be determined (assume Hanson Quarry for cost estimating purposes)

Alternative 3C – Maximize Reuse

Summer – Irrigation Season















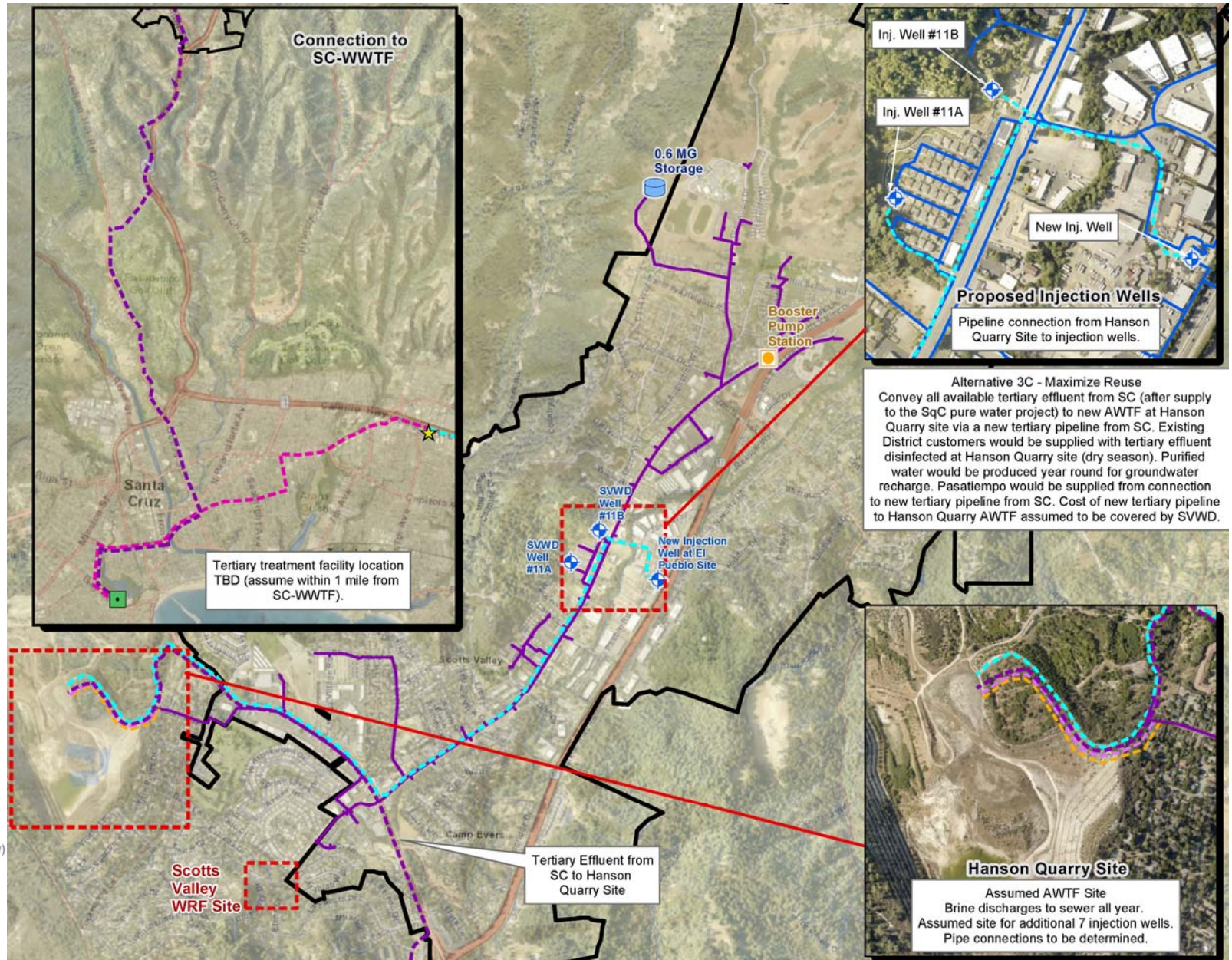
Winter – Recharge Season



Alternative 3 Maximize reuse

Legend

-  Injection Well (Existing)
-  Santa Cruz WWTF
-  Chanticleer AWWP
-  Advanced Purified Water (New)
-  Brine Discharge (New)
-  Filtered Tertiary Effluent (New)
-  Connection to RW Main (New)
-  Filtered Secondary Effluent (New)
-  Potable Water (Existing)
-  Recycled Water (Existing)
-  Raw Water (Existing)
-  Scotts Valley Water District



Alternative 3C – Maximize reuse

CONCEPTUAL COST ESTIMATE

- Capital Cost = \$160.7 M (\$32.1M Tertiary + \$128.6M Advanced Purification)
- Annual O&M Cost = \$5.8 M (\$0.8M Tertiary + \$5M Advanced Purification)
- Total Annual Cost = \$5,400/AF (\$4,500/AF Advanced Purification only)

BENEFITS:

- Maximizes production of purified water beyond GWR targets
- Maximizes beneficial reuse
- Potentially cost effective (assuming revenue stream associated with selling additional purified water to SCWD)

DRAWBACKS:

- Regional impacts from construction (extensive conveyance)
- Operational complexity
- Large capital cost
- Requires interagency coordination

Alternatives Cost Summary

| | | | | | | | | Tertiary Treatment | | RW Production for District | | Tertiary for AWTF Feed | | Advanced Purification ^h | | | | Tertiary + Advanced Treatment | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Alternatives | | Purified Water Production | | | | RW Production | | Total Capital Cost ^e | Total O&M Cost ^f | Total Capital Cost ^e | Total O&M Cost ^f | Total Capital Cost ^e | Total O&M Cost ^f | Total Capital Cost ^e | Total O&M Cost | Annualized Capital Cost | Annualized Total Cost ^g | Total Capital Cost ^e | Total O&M Cost | Annualized Capital Cost | Annualized Total Cost ^g |
| # | Description | Treatment Capacity [MGD] | Wet Season [MGD] | Dry Season [MGD] | [AFY] | Dry Season [MGD] | [AFY] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$/AF] | [\$/AF] | [\$] | [\$] | [\$/AF] | [\$/AF] |
| 1 | Baseline | 0.77 | 0.55 | N/A | 250 | 0.32 | 210 | \$ 17,200,000 | \$ 366,000 | \$ 7,852,000 | \$ 167,000 | \$ 9,348,000 | \$ 199,000 | \$ 20,400,000 | \$ 823,000 | \$ 4,200 | \$ 7,500 | \$ 29,748,000 | \$ 1,022,000 | \$ 6,100 | \$ 10,200 |
| 2B | One Plant Solution | 0.77 | 0.55 | N/A | 250 | 0.32 | 210 | \$ 7,600,000 | \$ 446,000 | \$ 3,470,000 | \$ 204,000 | \$ 4,130,000 | \$ 242,000 | \$ 23,700,000 | \$ 924,000 | \$ 4,800 | \$ 8,500 | \$ 27,830,000 | \$ 1,166,000 | \$ 5,700 | \$ 10,400 |
| 2C | One Plant Solution (MBR) | 0.49 | 0.35 | 0.12 | 250 | 0.32 | 210 | \$ 9,400,000 | \$ 456,000 | \$ 4,291,000 | \$ 208,000 | \$ 5,109,000 | \$ 248,000 | \$ 13,800,000 | \$ 663,000 | \$ 2,800 | \$ 5,500 | \$ 18,909,000 | \$ 911,000 | \$ 3,900 | \$ 7,500 |
| 3A | Treatment at SC WWTF | 1.01 | 0.81 | 0.38 | 620 | 0.32 | 210 | \$ 8,900,000 | \$ 462,000 | \$ 2,252,000 | \$ 117,000 | \$ 6,648,000 | \$ 345,000 | \$ 46,500,000 | \$1,634,000 | \$ 3,800 | \$ 6,400 | \$ 53,148,000 | \$ 1,979,000 | \$ 4,400 | \$ 7,600 |
| 3B | Purified Water from Chanticleer AWPF | 1.02 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 910 | N/A | N/A | \$ 7,900,000 | \$ 391,000 | N/A | N/A | \$ 7,900,000 | \$ 391,000 | \$ 49,900,000 | \$2,208,000 | \$ 2,800 | \$ 5,200 | \$ 57,800,000 | \$ 2,599,000 | \$ 3,200 | \$ 6,100 |
| 3C | Maximize Reuse | 3.55 | 2.53 | 2.18 | 2,600 | 0.32 | 210 | \$ 34,700,000 | \$ 820,000 | \$ 2,593,000 | \$ 61,000 | \$ 32,107,000 | \$ 759,000 | \$ 128,600,000 | \$5,070,000 | \$ 2,500 | \$ 4,500 | \$ 160,707,000 | \$ 5,829,000 | \$ 3,200 | \$ 5,400 |

Notes:

- Capital Cost includes escalation to mid point of construction of 2024 assumed for all alternatives (2% assumed over 4 years).
- Capital cost for tertiary treatment is distributed based on AF of RW production for district customers and cost of producing AF to supply tertiary effluent to the AWTF.
- O&M cost for tertiary treatment is distributed based on AF of RW production for district customers and cost of producing AF to supply tertiary effluent to the AWTF.
- For alternatives 3A, 3B and 3C, where additional purified water is produced (above 540 AFY), it is assumed there would be a revenue stream associated with selling additional AFY to SCWD, which would decrease annualized total cost for these alternatives

LOWEST COST ALTERNATIVES – OVERALL SCORE

- Lowest Capital and O&M Cost: Alternative 2C – One Plant Solution (MBR)
- Lowest Annualized Total Cost - Alternative 3C – Maximize Reuse

Alternatives Evaluation Criteria

ENGINEERING & OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Improve Water Supply
- Maximize Beneficial Reuse
- Constructability
- Operational Complexity

ECONOMIC:

- Cost Effectiveness
- Financial Implementability

ENVIRONMENTAL:

- Potential Environmental Impact
- Potential Environmental Enhancement

SOCIAL:

- Agency Coordination, Partnerships and Agreements
- Public Perception
- Local Disruption

Evaluation Criteria – Sensitivity Analysis

| Categories | Alternatives Screening Criteria | Baseline (Balanced) | Maximize Water Supply | Maximize Beneficial Reuse | Maximize Engineering & Operational Considerations | Low Cost | Minimize Local Impacts |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|-------------|------------------------|
| ENGINEERING & OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS | Improve Water Supply | 15% | 40% | 10% | 5% | 10% | 10% |
| | Maximize Beneficial Reuse | 10% | 5% | 30% | 10% | 5% | 5% |
| | Ease of Implementations | 10% | 10% | 10% | 15% | 5% | 5% |
| | Operational Complexity | 10% | 10% | 10% | 35% | 5% | 5% |
| ECONOMIC | Cost Effectiveness | 15% | 5% | 10% | 5% | 30% | 5% |
| | Financial Implementability | 15% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 30% | 5% |
| ENVIRONMENTAL | CEQA Considerations | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 3% | 20% |
| | Potential Environmental Enhancement | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 3% | 15% |
| SOCIAL | Agency Coordination, Partnerships and Agreements | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 2% | 5% |
| | Public Perception | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% |
| | Local Disruption | 5% | 5% | 5% | 5% | 2% | 20% |
| TOTAL | | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |

Alternatives Scoring & Ranking

| Categories | | | TOTAL | Baseline (Balanced) | Maximize Water Supply | Maximize Beneficial Reuse | Maximize Engineering & Operational Considerations | Low Cost | Minimize Local Impacts |
|---------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|----------|------------------------|
| Alternatives Screening Criteria | | | Total Raw Score (Max 51) | SENSITIVITY RANKING | | | | | |
| Alternative | | Description | | | | | | | |
| Baseline | 1 | Baseline | 31.9 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Local Project | 2B | One Plant Solution | 34.4 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| | 2C | One Plant Solution (MBR) | 31.2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 3 |
| Regional Project | 3A | Treatment at SC WWTF | 33.3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| | 3B | Purified Water from Chanticleer AWPF | 44.3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 3C | Maximize Reuse | 30.0 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 |

1- Highest Ranked

6- Lowest Ranked

TOP RANKED ALTERNATIVE – OVERALL SCORE

- Alternative 3B – Purified Water from Chanticleer AWPF

Q & A

Thank you

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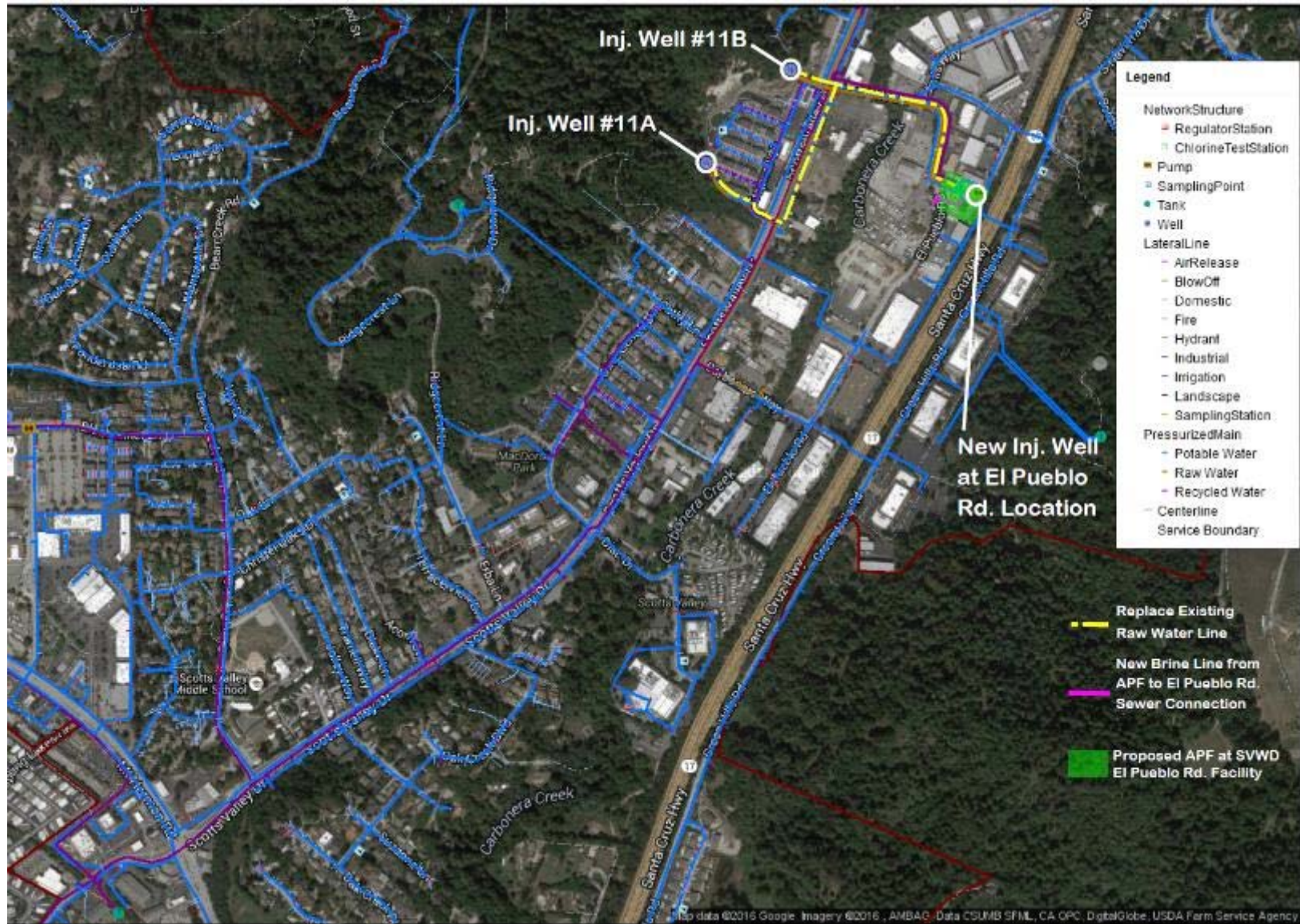
415.243.2506



Supporting Maps

2017 SVWD GWRP |

Santa Margarita Groundwater Basin Recycled Water Groundwater Replenishment Program (GWRP) Facilities Planning Report (FPR) Recommended Alternative 3, where the APF facilities are located at the Scotts Valley El Pueblo Site and existing SVWD Wells 11A and 11B are repurposed for injection.



Source: KJ 2017

2017 SVWD GWRP

The Scotts Valley El Pueblo Site, is the recommended location for an APF. The El Pueblo site has some existing infrastructure that can be reused, including reuse of existing SVWD Wells 11A and 11B for injection for the GWRP.



2017 SVWD NPR |

The potential new Tier 1 and 2 recycled water customers could increase non-potable demands from, the current 196 AFY up to approximately 291 AFY. The addition of the Pasatiempo Golf Course also increase demand for the secondary effluent by another 107 AFY based on the 2016 agreement between the City, SVWD, and Pasatiempo. (KJ 2017)

| Customer Type | Number of Sites | Total Potential Ave Annual Demand AFY |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Existing Irrigation Customers | 51 | 196 |
| Potential New Tier 1 & 2 Irrigation Customers | 43 | 95 |
| Subtotal, with New Tier 1&2 Irrigation Customers | 86 | 291 |
| Pasatiempo Golf Course (secondary effluent) | 1 | 107 |
| Total Potential Irrigation Customers | 87 | 398 |
| Groundwater Replenishment | 1 | Remaining Recycled Water |



2017 SVWD Available RW Flows|

“The SVWD owns the rights to up to 1 MGD of recycled water from the City's WRF and provides approximately 200 AFY to meet customer demands, primarily in the dry summer season. Even with estimated moderate increases in non-potable recycled water use, there is from 460 to over 570 AFY of recycled water is estimated to be available, once treated through advanced purification, to recharge the SMGB” (KJ 2017)

Table 1: Estimated Volume Available for Groundwater Replenishment

| Year | Estimated Ave Wastewater Flow, AFY | Estimated RW Demands with Existing and Future Customers, AFY ^(a) | Estimated Available Non-Recycled Wastewater, AFY ^(b) | Estimated Advanced Purified Water for GWR, AFY ^(c) |
|------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 2015 | 874 | 200 | 674 | 546 (459) |
| 2020 | 892 | 210 | 682 | 553 (466) |
| 2025 | 911 | 220 | 691 | 559 (473) |
| 2030 | 929 | 230 | 699 | 566 (479) |
| 2035 | 947 | 240 | 707 | 573 (486) |

(a) From 2015 Urban Water Management Plan, Pasatiempo GC demand of 107 AFY is not included

(b) Pasatiempo GC demand of 107 AFY is not included

(c) Supply Available is estimated to be 80% of the Estimated Available Non-Recycled Wastewater Flow, based on an 80% efficiency through treatment processes. Estimated APW with 107 AFY of Pasatiempo GC needs met is in parentheses; 475 AFY of APW is used for economic calculations in Table 4 to account for meeting Pasatiempo GC needs.

